### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2024

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Directors of Liberty for Youth

### Qualified Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Liberty for Youth (the "organization"), which comprise the balance sheet as at March 31, 2024, and the statement of revenue and expenses, statement of changes in fund balances and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the organization as at March 31, 2024, and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations (ASNPO).

### Basis for Qualified Opinion

In common with many not-for-profit organizations, the organization derives revenue from fundraising activities, the completeness of which is not susceptible to satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, verification of these revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the organization. Therefore, we were unable to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to fundraising revenue, excess of revenues over expenses, and cash flows from operations for the years ended March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023, current assets and net assets as at March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023. Our audit opinion on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023 was modified accordingly because of the possible effects of this limitation in scope.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the organization in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with

ASNPO, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial

statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the organization's financial reporting process.



### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT, continued

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

**DBK Accounting Professional Corporation** 

Chartered Professional Accountants

Authorized to practice public accounting by the Chartered

OBK Accounting Protessional Lephotian

Professional Accountants of Ontario

Hamilton, Ontario June 21 ,2024

## BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2024

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\$ 385 24,095 722,707 965,585	
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Prepaid expenses Short term investment (Note 3) Interfund balances (Note 4)

Government receivables Accounts receivable

CURRENT ASSETS

ASSETS

CAPITAL ASSETS (Note 5)

34,623 12,021 101,125 27,847	175,616	1,222,401 254,475	1,476,876	1,652,492	898,634	2,551,126
₩				Ì		63
48,284 12,720 106,644 1,085,138	1,252,786	139,556 214,504	354,060	1,606,846	866,676	2,473,522
<b>⇔</b>					1	S
- 1,839 1,085,138	1,086,977	139,556	354,060	1,441,037	99'99	1,507,937
69						S
48,284 12,720 104,805	165,809	1 1	1	165,809	799,776	965,585
69						69

FUND BALANCES

LONG-TERM DEBT (Note 7)
DEFERRED CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS (Note 8)

Government remittances payable
Deferred revenue (Note 6)
Current portion of long term debt (Note 7)

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities

**CURRENT LIABILITIES** 

LIABILITIES

BALANCE

Approved on behalf of the board

Director,

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

	General Fund 2024	Capital Fund 2024	March 31 2024	March 31 2023
REVENUE Donations from individuals and corporations Fundraising income Grants from other than government Amortization of deferred capital contributions Gifts in kind Rental income Interest income and other Donations from churches and other charities Book sales Federal grants	\$ 606,761 242,859 215,452 32,780 20,218 7,330 3,920 1,863	\$ 2,940 	\$ 609,701 242,859 215,452 41,071 32,780 20,218 7,330 3,920 1,863	\$ 628,128 246,901 229,516 30,422 - 31,122 5,085 4,300 5,342 7,781 1,188,597
EXPENSES Advertising and promotion Amortization Animal care	1,850 - 1,866	- 112,677	1,850 112,677 1,866	3,012 102,569 27,596
Bank charges and interest Building repairs and maintenance Fundraising expenses Grants to other charities	10,397 27,001 55,521 5,638	:	10,397 27,001 55,521	9,719 30,191 78,184
HCF - emergency community support insurance Interest on long-term debt Office and administration	73 12,283	- - 74,528	5,638 73 12,283 74,528	5,234 688 9,136 46,734
Other Staffing expenses Professional fees Program expenses	27,750 31,153 13,712 162,782	- - -	27,750 31,153 13,712 162,782	18,462 5,121 11,506 71,460
Property taxes Salaries and benefits Support to youth Telecommunication	16,027 572,225 16,250 13,340	- - -	16,027 572,225 16,250 13,340	13,271 511,773 10,690 14,277
Utilities Vehicle expenses Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	6,656 45,424 1,019,948	187,205	6,656 45,424 1,207,153	6,147 43,184 1,018,954
expenses before other income  Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	111,235	(143,194)	(31,959)	169,643
expenses	<b>\$</b> 111,235	<u>\$ (143,194)</u>	<b>\$</b> (31,959)	\$ 169,643

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

	Gen	General Fund 2024	Capital Fund 2024	nud	March 31 2024	Marc 20	March 31 2023
BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	↔	688,540	\$ 210	210,095 \$	\$ 898,635	· •	728,992
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses	and the second s	111,235	(143	143,194)	(31,959)		169,643
BALANCE, ENDING OF YEAR	₩.	799,775	\$	66,901	966,676	s	898,635

### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

		2024	2023
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses Adjustments for	\$	(31,958)	169,643
Amortization		112,677	102,569
Amortization of deferred capital contributions		<u>(41,071)</u> _	(30,422)
		39,648	241,790
Change in non-cash working capital items			
Accounts receivable		1,868	99,546
Prepaid expenses		(4,773)	(2,849)
Short term investment		(96,848)	(104,890)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		13,661	(16,363)
Government remittances recoverable		7,096	14,761
Government remittances payable		699	15,968
Deferred revenue	4	5,520	(76,506)
		(33,129)	171,457
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of capital assets		(13,150)	(150,557)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Deferred capital contributions received		1,100	109,000
Repayment of long-term debt		(25,553)	(40,120)
		(24,453)	68,880
Increase (decrease) in cash		(70,732)	89,780
Cash (bank indebtedness), beginning of year		70,770	(19,010)
Cash, end of year	\$	38 5	
•			

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

### 1. PURPOSE OF THE ORGANIZATION

The organization was founded in 2003 and was incorporated as a corporation without share capital by letters patent under the Ontario Corporations Act on April 28, 2003. Under an application for supplementary letters patent dated December 8, 2006, the name was changed from Liberty Community Youth Centre to Liberty For Youth. The corporation is a registered charity and is therefore exempt from payment of income taxes as provided under the Income Tax Act.

Its current activities include encouraging youth to become better citizens, eliminating racial prejudice and discrimination through workshops and seminars and educating youth on the dangers of drugs, violence and other destructive behaviour.

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for notfor-profit organizations. These financial statements have, in management's opinion, been properly prepared within the framework of the accounting policies summarized as follows.

### (a) FUND ACCOUNTING

All revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities relating to the day to day operations of the organization are reported in the organization's general fund,

The Capital Fund reports the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses related to the organization's capital assets.

### (b) REVENUE RECOGNITION

Restricted donations and grants related to the Capital Fund are recognized into income at the same rate the associated capital asset is depreciated on an annual basis, over the useful life of the asset.

All other restricted funds are recognized as revenue in the General Fund in the year in which the related expenses are incurred.

Unrestricted donations, grants and government assistance are recognized as revenue in the General Fund in the year received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Fundraising income and rental revenue is recognized as revenue in the year in which the event or service takes place.

### (c) CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents include cash and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less from their date of acquisition, which are readily convertible into a known amount of cash, and are subject to an insignificant risk to changes in their fair value.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

### (d) CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets are recorded at cost. Contributed capital assets are recorded at fair value at the date of the contribution. Amortization is provided on capital assets using the declining balance method over the useful life of the assets at the following annual rates:

Buildings	Declining balance	4%
Vehicles	Declining balance	30%
Basketball court	Declining balance	8%
Furniture and equipment	Declining balance	20%
Computer equipment	Declining balance	55%
Production equipment	Declining balance	45%
Livestock	Declining balance	14%

### (e) USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. By their nature, these estimates are subject to measurement uncertainty. The effect of changes in such estimates on the financial statements in future periods could be significant. Accounts specifically affected by estimates in these financial statements are amortization of capital assets and the amount of deferred revenue.

### (f) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The organization initially measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value adjusted by, in the case of a financial instrument that will not be measured subsequently at fair value, the amount of transaction costs directly attributable to the instrument.

The organization subsequently measures all its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost. Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash, short-term investments, government sales tax recoverable and accounts receivable. Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable and accrued liabilities and government remittances payable.

At the end of reporting period, the organization assesses whether there are any indications that a financial asset may be impaired. When there is an indication of impairment, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced and the amount of the reduction is recognized as an impairment loss in the statement of revenues and expenses.

### (g) CONTRIBUTED SERVICES

Contributions of materials and services are recognized in the financial statements at fair value at the date of contribution, but only when a fair value can be reasonably estimated and when the materials and services are used in the normal course of operations, and would otherwise have been purchased.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

### 3. SHORT TERM INVESTMENT

Short term investment consists of a GICs with interest rates of 4.5% and maturing July of 2024.

### 4. INTERFUND BALANCES

The interfund loans between the General Fund and Capital Fund are non-interest bearing and have no specific terms of repayment.

### 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

	2023	Α	2023 umulated	2024		2023
	 Cost		ortization	 Net		Net
Land	\$ 598,400	\$	•	\$ 598,400	s	598,400
Buildings	1,683,607		307,040	1,376,567	•	1,433,924
Vehicles	169,685		94,803	74,882		106,974
Basketball court	191,707		34,773	156,934		162,621
Furniture and equipment	31,012		22,426	8,586		9,607
Computer equipment	41,250		34,477	6,773		7,767
Production equipment	10,553		10,327	226		412
Livestock	 15,650	_	7,374	8,276		10,467
	\$ 2,741,864	\$	511,220	\$ 2,230,644	ş	2,330,172

### 8. DEFERRED REVENUE

		024	 2023
Prodigal Sonz program	•\$	•	\$ 4,987
Character Development program		10,909	14,531
Scholarships program		15,014	15,014
Recovery Run program		78,882	64,753
Rent		1,840	 1,840
	\$	106,645	\$ 101,125

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

### 7. LONG-TERM DEBT

	 2024		2023
RBC mortgage, fixed interest rate of 5.80%, payable in blended monthly payments of \$7,090, due Nov 2024, secured by land and buildings (net book value - \$1,974,967) RBC loan, fixed interest rate of 7.14%, payable in blended monthly payments of \$1,361, due September 2044, secured by land and	\$ 1,053,075	\$	1,074,141
buildings (net book value - \$1,974,967)	171,619		176,107
	1,224,694	***************************************	1,250,248
Less current portion	1,085,138		27,847
Due beyond one year	\$ 139,556	\$	1,222,401
Estimated principal re-payments are as follows:			•
2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 Subsequent		\$ 	1,057,291 4,526 4,860 5,219 5,604 6,017
		\$	1,224,695

### 8. DEFERRED CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS

Capital grants are being recognized as revenue over the same period in which the related assets purchased are being amortized. The activity for this account is as follows:

	2024	2023
Opening Balance	254,475	161,102
Grants for capital assets received in the year	1,100	123,795
Less: amortization in the current year	(41,071	(30,422)
Ending Balance	214,504	254,475

### 9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The organization received rental income of \$16,200 (2023 - \$16,200) from the Executive Director.

These transactions are in the normal course of operations and have been valued in these financial statements at the exchange amount which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

### 10. COMMITMENTS

The organization's total obligation, under various operating leases are as follows:

2025 2026	\$	8,451 3,610
	<u>\$</u>	12,061

### 11. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Unless other noted, it is management's opinion that the organization is not exposed to significant interest or credit risks arising from their financial instruments. Their fair value approximates their carrying values.

### (a) LIQUIDITY RISK

Liquidity risk arises through having excess financial obligations over available financial assets at any point in time. The organization's objective in managing liquidity is to maintain sufficient readily available reserves to meet its liquidity requirements at any point in time. The organization achieves this by maintaining sufficient cash and cash equivalents.

### (b) INTEREST RATE RISK

The organization is exposed to interest rate risk since the organization's investments consist of bank certificates and liabilities include loans. This risk is reduced by varying the due dates on its investments. The risk on the long-term debt is low due to having fixed interest rate on the loans. Management does not expect interest rates to vary significantly in the next year.